The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1868. NO. 277.

The Daily Sentinel.

WM E. PELL, Proprietor.

From the Asheville News Journal.

ELK MOUNTAIN CHEESE FACTORY.

On Saturday last, in company with a friend, we broke over the bounds line of Asheville, and enjoyed a delightful ride to the Elk Mountain Cheese Factory. *En passant*, permit us to tell what we saw on the road:

1st. We saw some very fine corn very badly tilled. We saw oats "headed" six inches high. We saw fields of wheat through which we could travel without treading on the stalk, and would have to stoop low to pluck a head. We saw one meadow that *could* be made valuable by proper draining and seeding, but is being ruined for the want of such judicious treatment.

In fact, we saw, all along the road, the strongest evidences that our farmers will soon be compelled to change their present denuding process of cultivating their lands or be starved out.

Corn, corn, corn! has so completely exhausted the lands, that in a few years, unless some system is adopted to infuse new life and vigor into them, they will have not the power left for recuperation. It is a sad sight to look upon so much of the once prolific soil of Buncombe, now "thrown out" as worthless, or struggling to produce a few heads of wheat and a few nubbins of corn, upon stalks not larger than our thumb. A change of culture or a change of owners must soon come to the rescue, and the sooner the better for the whole country.

After a pleasant ride of five miles over a good road, we were welcomed to Elkville, and invited to inspect the process of making Cheese and the production of the Elk Mountain Factory.

THE HISTORY OF THE ENTERPRISE.

Not quite a year ago, Mr. N. W. Woodfin, the owner of the lands upon which the Factory is situated, left this place to visit the State of New York. While there he made the acquaintance of Gov. Horatio Seymour, the present President of the Cheese Factory Association of that State, who induced him to visit many of the Cheese Factories there in successful operation. The flattering results in that State caused Mr. Woodfin to seek out every information concerning it, with a view to introducing to the people of Western North Carolina the subject of Cheese Making, as a means of recuperating their lost fortunes and to change the productions of their farms.

The intelligent and practical mind of Mr. Woodfin saw at once that if Cheese Factories were profitable in New York, where grazing lands are worth from $100 to $200 per acre, and labor much higher than in these mountains, it would be much more profitable in Western North Carolina, where equally as good grazing lands can be bought at from $1 to $10 per acre, and labor much cheaper, while our climate and water, being cooler and purer than in New York, will enable us to produce a better quality. He immediately induced Capt. Edwards, one of the best Cheese makers in New York, and who was highly recommended by Gov. Seymour, to pay a visit to Buncombe and examine the country. In January last, Mr. Edwards came here, took a survey of the country and pronounced it equal to New York for Cheese making.

A company was immediately formed, Capt. Edwards was employed to superintend the Factory, and sent back to New York to procure the most complete and best machinery. At that time there was not a tree cut, from which any part of the present buildings were erected; but the indefatigable energy of the members of the Company in an incredibly short time felled the huge forest trees, erected suitable buildings, made a good road of two miles in length, and by the time the machinery arrived, on the 27th day of April, everything was ready to receive it.

On the 28th of April 1868, (the day after the machinery arrived) the first cheese was made at Elk Mountain, weighing 40lbs., and is as fine an article of cheese as any made in any country.

Quantity of Cheese now made daily,	250 to 300 lbs.
Number of Cows milked,	180
The whole quantity of Cheese made since April 28th,	8000 lbs.

There are two sizes of Cheese made; one size weighing about 40 lbs. each, the other from 8 to 12 lbs. The prices adopted by the Company are for the largest size 20 cents per pound, for the smaller size, by the single Cheese, 25 cents, but where three or more small ones are taken the price is reduced to the same as for the largest size. This price brings it within the reach of every one, and if the company does nothing more, it deserves the united support of our people for having reduced the price of that article of food.

The Factory employs fifteen hands. Of these, three are females; two, as milkers only, and one in the vat room. The male employees are engaged, between the morning and evening milking hours, in various other duties on the farm.

About fifty hogs are kept "fat and flourishing" upon the whey from the vats.

Capt. Edwards thinks that the Cows increase their flow of milk about 30 per cent., after they are received at the farm, milked regularly and fed upon its rich pasturage.

The Machinery was made by Messrs. Williams, Ralf & Co., Utica, Oneida Co., N. Y.

Thus, then, in ten months after it was first *thought* of, the Machinery has been *made*, in New York, and delivered in Buncombe County, N. C., the forest felled, the buildings erected, 180 Cows purchased, and 8,000 pounds of superior Cheese made, which finds ready sale, in and near Asheville, at the above prices, and gives the Factory earnings, since the 28th of April—not two months—the respectable amount of $1,600! Such energy and industry is entitled to the highest praise, and ensures to the enterprise a profitable career.

As an enterprise, for the general good, it cannot be over estimated. Already we see its influences permeating through every section of these Mountains. Cheese Factories are to be established in other Counties, and with them will our farmers be encouraged to change their system of cultivation. The grasses and rotation of crops will soon make our old fields put on a living green verdure, from which the lowing cattle will yield, morning and evening, their golden reward to the owners, while the lands will be constantly improving in price and quality.

We are unable, in this number, to give details of the process of Cheese making, but as it will be our pleasure to often notice the success of this Factory, we shall embrace another opportunity for that.

We cannot close this article without assuring our readers of two essential particulars in the Elk Mountain Cheese:

1st. Its cleanliness. Everything connected with its manufacture is scrupulously clean. No lady in the land is more cleanly or fastidious in her bread and pastry, than are Captain Edwards and his excellent lady in everything connected with their cheese, so that none need fear "eating dirt" with it.

2nd. Its quality. We profess to be a good judge of cheese, and we unhesitatingly pronounce the Elk Mountain cheese equal, in every respect, to any cheese we have ever tasted. And why should it not be? Captain Edwards is the best cheese maker that could be found in New York; the machinery used is the same as that used in the best Northern Factories; the process is identically the same, the pasturage is fully as good, and our cows yield as rich milk, while our climate is far superior.

We ask our Southern merchants to turn the current of their cheese money up this way, and we promise those they will be delighted with the change. The Company is now ready to fill all orders.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CATCH THE HOUSE-BURNERS!!

They are Desperate! Neither Life nor Property are Safe when They are About!

OUR STORE WAS BURNED, LAST SUNDAY night, causing a loss to us of $7,500. Evidence in hand shows that ELLICK KEEN and PETER SANDFORD, (colored) and HENRIETTA HEARN, (white woman) are the incendiaries. They left their house on last Monday, all efforts to find them, so far, have been in vain.

ELICK (a Blacksmith) is a jet black, stooped shoulders, downward look, quick spoken, rather a womanish voice, about 25 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high.

PETER is a little taller, not jet black; squint-eyed, a large space between upper front teeth, about 30 years old.

He will weigh about 160.

HENRIETTA HEARN is about 30 years old, about medium, has, or did have a child a girl, three years old, with her.

They have been intimate for some time and have been together,—it is not known in what direction.

This fiend has impoverished us greatly, but a liberal reward will be paid for their arrest, or for any information that will lead to it.

DURHAM & MONIE.

Clayton, Johnston Co., N. C., June 25-1w

MILLER,

No. 27 Street, Petersburg, Va.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

Rags, Brass, Copper and Furs.

All rags can be shipped by freight, and, on receipt of the bill of lading, the shipper can draw on me at sight for the net receipts, the shipper can may 13-2aw2m

Banking and Exchange Office.

THE UNDERSIGNED, for many years Cashier of the Bank of Cape Fear at Wilmington, N. C., has, in connection with parties of ample capital, opened a BANKING HOUSE in Wilmington, on the East side of Front street, three doors from Market street, under the name and style of

JAMES G. BURR & CO.

They will deal in, buy and sell Stocks and Bonds on Commission. Discount business paper on liberal terms—negotiate loans for parties who may desire to make collections wherever they are current in the City at as low rates as are current in the City, and receive deposits and pay same on demand; in short do all that appertains to a strictly legitimate Banking and Exchange business.

June 13-2w S. G. BURR, Wilmington, N. C.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND HOME."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stoves, Patapsco, Roger Williams, Queen's, Universe, Beebe Range, European, Magee Range, Spruce Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Cole & Portable Ranges, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick Heaters, Parlor, Chamber and Shaw Stoves in great variety. All the different sizes of Grates, High Up and Down Portable Grates, &c.

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

May 15-1y

1868, SPRING STOCK, 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE, PARKER, & CO.
April 1-1f No. 3 Front, up 1 Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash will have the benefit of money.

Office N. C. Railroad Company,
COMPANY SHOPS, June 18, 1868.

THE NINETEENTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the North Carolina Rail Road Company will be held in the City of Raleigh, on Thursday, the 9th day of July next.

Stockholders, who cannot attend in person, will please furnish their proxies. Transfer books are closed from the 1st of June until after the meeting.

June 20-1d P. A. SUGG, Secretary.

WILLIAM W. JONES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HENDERSON, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE in the Counties of Granville, Franklin and Warren, and in the Federal Courts at Raleigh, N. C. Special attention given to matters in Bankruptcy.

Prompt personal attention given to collecting and securing claims in all parts of the State.

March 31—3m.

LAND SALE.

IN OBEDIENCE to an order of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Davidson County, at May Term, 1868, we will sell, at Public Auction, on the premises, the 4th day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M., on a credit of 6 months,

Two Valuable Tracts of Land,

belonging to the estate of Wm. Owen, dec'd.

One Tract of 300 acres, situated in the "Jersey Settlement," celebrated for its rich soil; the other lying on the Yadkin river, containing 220 acres; both finely improved and well watered. Persons desiring valuable Real Estate should attend. At the same time and place, a quantity of Grain.

A. J. OWEN, } Adm'rs.
J. H. SMITH. }

Lexington, N. C., June 26-2aw2w

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates

BRANSON & JONES,
June 13-1f Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols., just received and for sale at

BRANSON & JONES,
June 13-1f Raleigh.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

4,000 BUSHELS OF CORN arriving and to arrive at
June 20-1f UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Coffee, Coffee.

20 BAGS MOCHA COFFEE
June 20-1f UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Snuff, Snuff.

5 BBLS. MORE EGERTON SNUFF.
Just to hand at
June 5 UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

20 BOXES MORE ADAMANTINE CANDLES
Just arrived at
June 5-1f UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Sugar, Sugar.

20 BBLS EXTRA C SUGAR
Just received at
June 22-1f UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

70 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES.
For sale at
June 22-1f UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Lard, Lard.

3,000 LBS. FAMILY LARD IN Tierces and Kegs. For sale by
June 22-1f UPCHURCH & DODD.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP.
Just received by
June 22-1f UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT
For sale at
June 22-1f UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER.
For sale by
June 22-1f UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE.
Just received at
June 22-1f UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.
June 26-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A-HALF per bushel.
Just received by
June 26-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by
June 26-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!

GUANO!!

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO!

$92.50 PER TON OF TWO THOUSAND pounds. Five cts. per pound by the bag. For sale by
May 1-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

GUANO! GUANO!

The Genuine Peruvian!

ANOTHER LOT TO-DAY RECEIVING

Ninety-two dollars and fifty cents per Ton. Five cents per pound, by the Bag.

June 6-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
30 " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 22-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE.

Just received by
June 22-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at
June 23-1f DOUGLAS BELL'S.

HOTEL CANDLES.

For sale by
June 22-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

A NEW ARRIVAL OF
TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES!
At
June 22-1f DOUGLAS BELL'S.

NOW ARRIVING.

30 bbls. N. C. Family Flour.
35 " Extra Super Flour.
For sale very low by
June 16-1f DOUGLAS BELL,
Commission Merchant.

5 PACKAGES GREEN AND BLACK TEA.
For sale by
June 15-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

30 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES.
Just arrived at
June 10-1f DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SOLE LEATHER.

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 24-1f R. H. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 30 W. ROBT ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Pink Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5-1f At ANDREWS'.

50 DOZ. CNS FRESH PEACHES.
April 30-1f W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR
April 30-1f W. ROBT ANDREWS.

FAMILY FLOUR

bbls. Family Pinpeco.
" Superfine
" Family X.
5-1f At ANDREWS'

1,500 BUSHELS OF CORN.
Just received.
V. ROBT ANDREWS,
April 9-1f Fayetteville St.

10 CASES ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER
Lotties.
April 1-1f W. ROBT ANDREWS.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON, sides and Shoulders, low.
April 1 W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES, Assorted.
April 30 W. ROBT ANDREWS.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

BASKETS.
Another lot.
June 4-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

HAMS.
Well cured North Carolina.
June 17-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

WESTERN BACON
Shoulders and Sides—Cheap.
June 17-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

SHOES.
Home made! Another supply.
June 17-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

WHITE CORN.
Another supply.
June 17-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

HERRINGS.
100 bbls. fresh. For sale cheap.
June 17-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Cullett Steel Brush Gin.

USED BY ALL PLANTERS SOUTH. If you want to get one cent more for your Cotton, in the pound, BUY ONE. On exhibition at N. C. Depot.
June 17-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FAMILY FLOUR.
Warranted.
June 17-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

LARD.
50 lbs. North Carolina Lard.
June 4-1f G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.
Jan 29-1f5-1f

JELLIES, JELLIES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CHOSSE & BLACKWELLS genuine imported Chow-Chow and Picalill, at
Mar 18-1f TONNOFFSKI'S

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2-1f

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
Feb 3-15-1f TONNOFFSKI'S

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
At
Mar 18-1f TONNOFFSKI'S.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

BREAKFAST BACON, BRIGHT AND sweet,—Just the thing to cook with vegetables.
June 24-1f W. H. JONES & CO., Auction & Com. Merchants.

SUGARS.
Of the different grades.
June 24-1f W. H. JONES & CO., Com. Merchants.

FOR SALE.

25 Tubs nice White Lard.
W. H. JONES & CO.
June 24-1f Auct'rs & Com. Merch't's.

For Sale,

VERY LOW, A SMALL HOUSE, with 3 Rooms. Lot fronts 63 feet on Bloodworth Street, and 210 deep.
W. H JONES & CO.
June 6-1f Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

20 BBLS. LABRADOR GROSS HERRINGS, very low to close consignment.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 17-1f Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

FIFTY BUSHELS STOCK PEAS.
For sale by
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 10-1f Auc. & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

TWO FIRST RATE COTTON GINS, 45 and 50 Saws to the Gin.
W. H JONES & CO.,
June 5-1f Auctr's and Com Merchants.

N. C. FAMILY ROE HERRINGS.—Price reduced to close consignment. 200 herrings in a ½ bbl.
Single Keg 46; 45,50 when 5 or more kegs are taken.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 10-1f Auction'rs and Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

A NICE LITTLE FARM, within two miles of the City, Comfortable Dwelling, Gin House, Gin and Cotton Press and necessary out-buildings, and a nice young Orchard of select Fruit.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 5-1f Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

ALE. A FRESH SUPPLY IS [illegible] and [illegible] Casks.
W. H. JONES & CO.
June 2-1f

Just Received.

27 BALES HAY AND FODDER.
W. H. JONES & CO.
June 2-1f Commission Merchants.

On Consignment.

THE following Extracts and Medicines:

Laudanum, Paregoric, Castor Oil, Essence of Lemon, Peppermint, and a superior Boot Polish.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
may 13-1f Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.
June 25-1f GEO. T. COOKE

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also

COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,
June 17-3m 25 PEARL St., New York City.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846.

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world*, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—A combination of individuals united to help one another by the *safest and best method known*; and if a member cannot meet but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan devised.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
June 2-1f Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,
JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, Wm. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTSOOK.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,
CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, JNO. H. CLAIBORNE.

DIRECTORS:

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William F. Taylor, Asa Snyder,
Samuel S. Cottrell, H. E. C. Baskerville,
John Dooley, Samuel C. Tardy,
Charles T. Wortham, George Jacobs,
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W. H. Tyler, John C. Williams,
J. E. Edwards, William C. Taylor,
A. Y. Stokes, A. P. Aiken,
J. B. Morton, W. B. Isaacs,
R. H. Dibrell, George L. Bidgood,
William H. Palmer, Samuel Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.
Jan 28-146-1f LEXINGTON, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72-1

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 2 lb., Cans (qts.) $4.00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (gals.) $8.00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to
E. H. FOGUE,
Feb 19-164-1f Hillsboro, N. C.

Cotton Plows and Cultivators.

IN STORE MARCH'S PATENTED COTTON Plows and Corn Cultivators—approved by all who have tried them.
June 13-1f JAS. M. TOWLES.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

OF

E. VAN SYCKEL,

BOUND BROOK, NEW JERSEY.

THE PIONEER OFFICE for the sale of Southern Lands to Jerseymen. North Carolina Lands solicited.

Represented by S. S. CARTER, Ag't., Morrisville, N. C.

To the Citizens of Chatham, Wake, Orange, Randolph, Alamance, Guilford, and the section of country near the Coal Fields and improved by the line of the Chatham & Coal Field Railroad, and the Fayetteville & Western and N. C. General Railroads:

Having been duly appointed Agent, by the General Agent of said Real Estate Company, for the sale of Southern Lands and to induce good Farmers and Mechanics to come and settle among us I call your attention to this important opportunity of selling your surplus Real Estate for the cash, by placing it in our hands. All we propose is a fair and legal business. If we make sale for you, we have 5 per cent commission. You make title only when the money is paid. Just place your property at the real cash value of it, to-day, and, by effecting this new enterprise, you make the remainder that you retain worth more to you than the whole which you now own.

S. S. CARTER,
Agent for Interior of N. C.
Morrisville, N. C. R. R., June 20-1w

DRY GOODS.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

April 22-1f

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE!

THE BEST JUDGES OF

FABRIC!

The best taste in **STYLE!** After "shopping" around, always buy of

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, May 2-1f

CALL IN!

YOU WILL SEE

WHY

WE LEAD THE RETAIL TRADE

of the City and County.

May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

2,000 YARDS GRENADINE!
A great novelty for

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Only 25 cents per yard.
May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

100 CASES OF SHOES, For Men, Women and Boys, lower than ever, direct from the manufactories.
May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

43 CASES OF **SPRING AND SUMMER HATS**, for Men, Women and Children, from 25 cents upwards.
May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

4,600 YARDS CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, Cloths, Nankinetts, Denimes, and Linen Cottonades, from 25 cents per yard, and upwards, for men and boys.
May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—26-1f

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

April 30-1f

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF Linseed, Cotton-Seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,

Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS.

Jan 22-139-1f

FOR SALE.

Five good Mules, four Wagons and a lot of Harness. Apply to
Mar 30-1f BRIGGS, DODD & CO.

44 Fayetteville Street.

KEROSENE OIL, by the barrel or retail. Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks. Tin Oil Cans.

ALSO

Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Lager Beer and Ale Glasses.
Raleigh, June 11-1f J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

A Coffee Sugar, Cut Loaf Sugar,
Old Java Coffee, Laguira Coffee, Rio Coffee,
Black Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs,
Ground Cinnamon.
Raleigh, April 11-1f J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis.

44 Fayetteville Street,

ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS,
PLATED ICE PITCHERS,
PLATED CASTORS,
FINE IVORY-HANDLED TABLE KNIVES,
PLATED FORKS,
TEA AND TABLE SPOONS.
Raleigh, June 23-1f J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis.

1868. SPRING TRADE. 1868.

FRESH ARRIVAL.—BUGGY MATERIAL.

Hickory Rims, Spokes, Finished Shafts, Hubs, Long Arms, patent Axles. Plated Hub and Sand Bands, Silver head, Japanese and Ivory Lining Nails, Band Nails. Curtain Knobs, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Axle Clips and Felloe Plates. Enamelled Muslin, Drilling and Canvass. Dash Leather and Mole-skin. Oil Cloth Carpeting, Japanese and Plated Buckles, Curtain Frames and whip Sockets. Wood Shrifts, Buggy springs assorted.
Raleigh, April 4-1f J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis.

FOR SALE.

Thirty-two inch Smith's Bellows.
Raleigh, Mar 23-1f J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis.

44 Fayetteville Street.

BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS, ANVILS AND Vises, Grain and Grass Scythes, Window Glass and Putty.
Raleigh, May 6-1f J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!).

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R.!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the *Ten Thousand* Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the state near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required *so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line safely*, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, *will of* Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McGready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(Via Annamessie,) Plain., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 20 Light Street Wharf.

C. R. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-1f Raleigh, N. C.

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	11.50 P. M.
" Salisbury	2.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'	5.05 A. M.
" Raleigh	9.41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	12.23 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.20 P. M.
" Greensboro'	7.17 P. M.
" Salisbury	9.36 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte	11.38 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or *via* Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 6.30 P. M.

April 4-1f JAMES ANDERSON, Sup't.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., May 28th, 1868.

On and after May 30th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.1 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.45 P. M.
" " Arrives at Raleigh	10.05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South.

A. B. ANDREWS,
may 21-1f Sup't. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Gener Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. W. McPheeters, Esq., Hon. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. R. P. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Miss, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill Lenthrop; Gen. Joshua Sawyer, Wilson; Messrs. Jas. Barbee, and dozens, Johns Myers & son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2-1f

STAVES WANTED.

We will contract for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,
300,000 White Oak Hhd. "
100,000 White Oak "Heading,
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,
50,000 White Oak Bbl. "

Norfolk Inspection.

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19—1f Norfolk, Va.

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled.

Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWARD & HARRISS,
Commission Merchants,
April 21-3m Norfolk, Va.

1868. SPRING TRADE. 1868.

DR. JORDAN, OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WIND-PIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had big guns fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best resorts for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15-1f

Buggies and Rockaways at Reduced Prices!

WE HAVE NOW ON HAND a very large and complete stock of

BUGGIES, ROCKAWAYS AND HARNESS,

Which we offer at greatly reduced prices.

A. A. McKETHAN & SONS,
Fayetteville, N. C., May 29-3awiw

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$ 0
Six months	4 0
One year	8
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 0
" " six months	2 0
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 0
" " six months	1 0

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, } SEATON GALES.
EDITORS.

TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1868

ARE WE IN NORTH CAROLINA AND ARE WE NORTH CAROLINIANS?

We are not ultraists in any thing, nor are we proscriptive or illiberal in politics.—Custom has established, in this country, the practice of bestowing office, generally, upon the supporters of the successful party. To this we have no objection, provided capacity and integrity in the officer are insisted upon. We, nevertheless, hold that Americans ought to rule America, and that North Carolinians ought to rule North Carolina. We do not mean, by this, that foreign or Northern born citizens should be excluded from office, but we mean that foreigners ought to be in the United States long enough to be identified fully with its interests, in order to be entitled to be called Americans, and that offices in North Carolina, when filled by other than native citizens, should be filled by those who are thoroughly identified, by residence and pecuniary interests, with the State, so as to be entitled to be called North Carolinians.

We have no *sickly* State pride, but the taunts and jeers which have been cast at North Carolina make us sufficiently jealous of her reputation, to endeavor to force from others the respect due her; and this cannot be done, so long as our people cease to respect themselves. We would not, by any means, ignore the claims of worthy citizens among us, who are thoroughly identified with the State and her interests, who happen to have been born North of Mason & Dixon's line, or in Europe; and where they possess superior qualifications for office, if they are right in all other particulars, we would as heartily endorse them for positions as any other class of our citizens.

We find, however, a spirit growing up, especially among our Radical opponents, which the citizens of the State, *of all parties*, ought promptly to condemn and denounce. It is perfectly patent, that the State is now beleaguered by a horde of carpet-baggers, whose domicil, even, in the State, is exceedingly precarious, and who are swarming, like the locusts of Egypt, around every accessible office, that offers the inducement of good pay. They come among us without letters of credit or proofs of honorable prestige or undoubted character, and claim office through their *professions of fealty to the dominant party and devotion to the negro*, because of their success in hoodwinking the poor darkies, and securing their support.—They may have some expertness in business and some acquaintance with wire-pulling or *red-tape*, but, mentally and morally, they are not the equals of many native Radicals.

This class of men have evidently secured the inside track with certain leaders, and, having been acquainted with the tricks of partizans and demagogues at the North, easily connect their interest with those of the acknowledged native chiefs of the party, and are likely to supplant, in the matter of office, almost every native Radical in the State.

We find the impression to prevail, that, by good management, the Head Chief of the Leagues has joined his interests with the carpet-baggers, whose superiority in party tactics he readily perceives, and the conclusion seems to be reached, that the Head Chief, with the aid of his new allies, will be sufficiently potent to open or shut the door to office, as he pleases, to his native or foreign allies.

We are somewhat surprised to learn, that an arrangement of those in special alliance has already fixed the triggers in the interests of the Holden-carpet-bag faction, and it seems to be generally understood that Joseph William is really to be Speaker of the House, and that we were mistaken a day or two ago. The object of placing him in the chair is too palpable. It is essential to the success of the Holden-carpet-bag programme, that the selection of Committeemen shall be manipulated by that particular interest. But the General Assembly must be woefully deficient in men of age and experience, to be forced to select an occupant of the Speaker's Chair, who has but so recently attained his majority, and who has given no evidence of tact or ability. It *might* do worse than to choose Joseph William, but if no better Speaker can be selected out of eighty grown men, the body must be singularly green and incompetent for their positions.

WE SYMPATHIZE with Gen. Dockery and Mr. Pool. They have both done the State of North Carolina some service in the past, and it was a source of profound mortification to the many friends they had, when they came down, for the gratification of vindictive feelings or for the sake of office, into the cess-pood of black-Radicalism.—What friends they have left will be still further mortified at their present position—that of "second-fiddlers" to the carpet-bag element in the Radical party. It is very evident that the latter, with the co-operation of the Head-Centre, have the inside track, and will keep it, until North Carolina Radicals learn to be North Carolinians. As matters stand, Gen. Dockery and Mr. Pool must submit to being distanced in the Senatorial race as gracefully as possible, and then hurrah for their victors. Their fate is a sad one, but they deserve it, richly. It may teach them a profitable lesson.

THE WAY IT IS.—General Wager Swayne has declined a candidacy for Congress in the Columbus (Ohio) District, on the ground that he prefers to be a candidate for United States Senator in *Alabama*.

B. B.—We commend the able article of our correspondent, "B. B." to-day, to our readers.

MANY OF OUR READERS remember the stereotyped salutation of the Rev. Mr. Chadband, in "Bleak House," when he was wont to enter the house of Snagsby:—"*Peace* be unto this house! And why do I say peace, my friends? What is peace? Is it war? No. Is it strife? No. *Therefore*, I say, peace be unto this house!"

Grant's conclusion, "Let us have peace," after endorsing the platform and policy of the Radicals, in his letter of acceptance of the Chicago nomination, is about as *logical* as the oleaginous Chadband's salutation. And when it is remembered that that old hypocrite was constantly seeking, notwithstanding his professions, to sow the seeds of contention between different members of the family, the parallel between Grant and Chadband becomes complete.

STATE NEWS.

Gen. J. R. J. Daniel, of Halifax County, died at his plantation near Shreveport, Louisiana, on Monday of last week. Gen. D. was a very distinguished citizen, and had attained the advanced age of seventy five years. He was the father of that gallant and lamented patriot and soldier, Brigadier General Junius Daniel. He was a lawyer of fine ability, frequently represented Halifax in the Legislature, and was, for a number of years, Attorney General of the State. He also represented the Halifax District in Congress, for several consecutive terms, serving with usefulness to his constituents and honor to himself.

The first National Bank of Wilmington has ceased to be a Government depository upon its own request.

The *N. C. Presbyterian* defends Bishop Atkinson against the recent shameful attack made on him, and thinks his statement in regard to the mortality of the negroes near Newbern was not as strong as the facts of the case warranted.

The house of Mr. Daniel White, of Richmond county, was destroyed by fire, a few days since, in broad day light, during the temporary absence of Mr. W. and his family. It was the work of an incendiary. The Wilmington *Star* says: "The only assignable reason for this outrage is that Mr. W. is a strong Conservative, voted the Conservative ticket at the late election, and has thus made himself obnoxious to the scalawags and negroes of the neighborhood."

Among the pleasing incidents of a Masonic celebration in Newbern, on Wednesday last, was the presentation, by the members of St. John's Lodge, No. 3, of the portrait of Col. Jno. D. Whitford, to the Lodge, to be suspended by the side of the portraits of other distinguished Masons that adorn its fine hall.

Mr. Richard Robinson's fine plantation, in Warren, of fourteen hundred acres, was sold, on Monday of last week, for $10,000, cash.

A company of gentlemen in Petersburg have determined to put a line of boats on the Roanoke river, to run between Gaston and Clarksville.

"The wicked flee when no man pursueth." This proverb was literally illustrated at a "fried string" meeting in Anson county, several nights since. On the night in question, says the Wadesboro *Argus*, a number of white members of the order were called together at a school house in Diamond Hill precinct, with orders for every member to go thoroughly armed, as some alleged that they would be interfered with by "Ku-Klux." Shortly after assembling, a team of five mules, which had just been taken from a broken-down wagon, passed rapidly by the school house, with their harness and traces loudly flapping and jingling. Without waiting to see what it was that caused such a "rumpus," and without standing on the "order of their going," the brethren vacated the premises with a rush, and, judging from what we have heard, may be running yet.

The ladies of Halifax and vicinity, on Wednesday last, did honor to the memory of the Confederate dead buried at that place, by strewing flowers over their graves. The *News* says:

"By an understanding, there was quite a large turnout of ladies and gentlemen to participate in this duty of love. The grave of Gen. Junius Daniel, in the old church yard, was visited first, and after the sweet offerings of woman's hand had been placed above his remains, an address, prepared by some of the ladies for the occasion, was read by Captain J. S. Northington, after which a poem was read by Mrs. W. B. Pope.

The remaining graves in the yard and in the other parts of the town were then visited, and each and all received a token of love."

Rufus Ludwick, convicted at the last Fall term of Rowan Superior Court of the murder of his wife, was executed in Salisbury, on Friday. He remained utterly callous and impenitent to the last, although several ministers in the city manifested, in every way, a deep interest in his spiritual welfare. Just as the Sheriff was about to adjust the noose, he made an effort to jump from the platform and escape. This was prevented by the Sheriff's officers who surrounded him, but he had to be hanged by main force. It required some half dozen persons to hold him while he was pinioned and the rope adjusted about his neck.—Then he refused to stand up, and he was in a half lying and half sitting posture when the fatal drop fell and launched his soul into eternity. The *Old North State* says:

"Such was the end of this poor creature who, when viewed from some points, seems to have been little more than a simpleton, but, when viewed from others, seems to have possessed at least the instincts necessary to enable him through falsehood and duplicity to plan an escape from officers of the law and immediate execution.

He persisted in denying his guilt to the last, and as the evidence upon which he was convicted was wholly circumstantial, his assertions would have created a very strong belief in his innocence, but for his very bad conduct under the gallows. As it is, most persons are disposed to believe that his assertions were all false, and that they were made with a view of so exciting the sympathies of the bystanders in his favor, that they would permit, if not connive at, his escape. One very intelligent man said to us that all his movements exhibited the instinct of a cunning animal planning an escape from the hands of those who had captured him."

Our Washington Correspondence.

THE GREAT FINANCIAL ISSUE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., }
June 27th, 1868. }

Messrs. Editors:—As the active period of the present political campaign approaches, the difficulties of comprehending the true situation, the relations of parties, and the real grounds of contest between them, diminish rapidly, while the questions involved assume a more definite and simple character. While the abstract questions of reconstruction and finance constitute the apparent issues, the true grounds of conflict are *power* and *money*, against liberty and labor. Differences of opinion on these principles are not confined to mere matters of sectionalism, but extend also to an intestine antagonism, diffused throughout Northern society. All questions outside of these are of a subordinate character only, and are designed to subserve their purpose. It is really the old issue between the masses who love liberty, and who appreciate the value and necessity of those vital interests associated with the question of labor and popular right, and the few who hold wealth and thirst for power, renewed under somewhat novel aspects and peculiar circumstances.

By tracing out the various elements, the leading motives, and the true principles, which entered this crusade against the South, which has culminated in a most destructive war, and in her complete subjugation, it would not be difficult to prove, that the entire enterprise, for such it was, was conceived and executed in the interest of *wealth*; and it would be as little difficult, now, to prove, that this state of subjugation, sustained through the agency of a corrupt government, a mercenary army domiciled in the South, a viper in her social system in the form of a Freedman's Bureau, and an inhuman and unjust negro supremacy, is continued still at the instance and in the interest of *wealth*. While it is true that the motives which prompted this enterprising crusade have failed of practical realization, it is equally true that that large and powerful class, which has secured the artificial wealth resulting from the war, in the form of bonds, stocks, and national bank property, have formed a desperate and deliberate scheme to fasten this system upon the future of the country, and, through the disorganizing influence of negro rule in the South, destroy the value of Southern lands, force them into market at ruinous sacrifice, by oppressive taxation, and secure possession of them at nominal rates in a depreciated currency.

In such an event, Northern capital and wealth would control the social condition and rule the political situation of not only the South, but of the entire nation, with despotic power. The parties at issue in the contest over these momentous questions are now, as the truths are being developed, and popular opinion becomes enlightened, rapidly arriving at not only just conclusions in regard to their mutual relations and necessities, but at a clearer understanding of their respective positions and designs; and while the wealthy and ambitious feel the mutual dependence and co-operation of wealth and power, and thirst for that supremacy, politically and socially, which overgrown riches has ever craved in all nations and ages, the other classes are coming as fully to appreciate and realize these facts, and feel equally the necessity of resisting the aggressive tendencies of wealth and power against the rights of humanity and the interests of labor. In this way, the two parties are becoming arrayed against each other, throughout the Northern States. In the South, negro suffrage is but the plastic tool, in the hands of wealth and power, to subserve their purposes there.

That the interests, future welfare and hopes of the South are, in spirit and destiny, united with the great popular party of the North and West, which is struggling to resist the alarming encroachments of this money despotism, that is making such herculean efforts to absorb every right and interest, is perfectly clear. Individual fortune and general wealth have grown to a magnitude, in the North, from profits derived from the war, scarcely realized, and existing principally in the form of securities, depend upon continued national indebtedness and popular oppression. In this single fact lies the true secret of the entire difficulty. The perpetuity of this wealth implies continued and hopeless taxation, for an indefinite period, through a series of years, whether favorable or unfavorable, and under all circumstances, fortunate or unfortunate.

These are the actual living issues made up by the leading antagonistic classes of the American people themselves, and based, on the one side, on the aggressive spirit of wealth and power, and, on the other hand, on the principles of right and interest.—Parties must either consent to meet these questions in a spirit of manly courage, or expect to sink into hopeless oblivion. The social and political state of the country has reached a point peculiarly dangerous to a republican form of government. The vast public debt, held in the hands and under the control of a few,—the unheard of profits derived from that debt, and the exorbitant taxation necessary to sustain it,—the impoverished and dependent condition of two thirds of the nation, while the gigantic individual wealth and fortunes are confined to a comparatively small region, which, actually and practically, controls the government with all its military power for exclusive and selfish purposes,—are elements peculiarly dangerous to liberty. This crusade against the South was originally designed as an enterprise, from the prosecution of which, untold profits were to be reaped. The general results only go to show how defective this calculation was. In the attempt to gratify an insatiable avarice, New England has lost the substance and secured only the shadow. A Southern market, the richest, the most certain and stable, and, in truth, the most generous patron on earth, and a foreign commerce and shipping interest, once unequalled, have all been frittered away for the paltry consideration of a parcel of stocks, which only exist for the benefit of a few, and at the expense of the many, and represent the bankrupt condition of the country.

The chief matter of contest, now, is whether these blighting fruits, these only pecuniary results of a corrupt and inhumane enterprise, shall be established as the permanent financial order of the nation, through the elevation to power of an arbitrary military government and a paid negro suffrage. The perpetuity of Northern wealth, and the continued existence of the present financial system of inflated currency and national banking, and the public debt, depend very much upon mutual and identical causes and motives. In lieu of the excessive losses in commercial interests, and in those trades and productions depending for profit upon a Southern market, they have an amount of stocks, government, State, county, municipal and corporation, greater than any other nation on earth, and representing many billions of money. Thus the effort to convert this mass of purely artificial wealth, into a real and permanent source of profit, founded on fixed principles of taxation, is absorbing every other political and social question. To secure this end, the present systems of finance and banking have been ingeniously adopted, and, if continued, will prove effective, as they tend emphatically to increase the gains and the power of the wealthy, and to impoverish the poor, and thus build up the large cities, and render the country more dependent. Thus the wealth and power of New England not only holds and guides the policy of the government, but employs the military to subjugate the South, and the vote of the illiterate and corrupt negro to subserve its purposes. Against the interests of the South, the present system of finance operates with peculiar and ruinous hardships. Indeed, under its continued influence, Southern recuperation is scarcely possible. The agriculturist and laborer, at the end of their yearly toils, find that almost the entire proceeds of their labor have, through the legitimate and inevitable operation and witchery of this system, been transferred to the great trading emporiums, in an unequal exchange. Hence the interests of the South and West are thoroughly identified in future against the bondholder, and the tax advocate of the East.

It is a financial law that, as currency depreciates in value, the profits on its employment increase in inverse proportion, and hence the operation of this principle tends to drive capital from the rural districts where the profits are small, to the important manufacturing and trading points, where they are large. The political, as well as social, influence of this law, must prove exceedingly disastrous to liberty and interest, by holding, in a species of dependence and subjection, the masses to the cities and wealthy capitalists. The gigantic money despotism, which is looming up on this continent, and reaching after unlimited power in the control of its affairs, will either fasten itself upon its future destiny to the subjection and impoverishment of the South and West, or precipitate the question of repudiation. This question in direct form may not come before the people, but that the state of the popular mind demands the adoption of some specific plan or principle, to aid the country of the despotism of public indebtedness, and the ruinous and exacting influence of national banks, more speecy and less onerous than through an indefinite system of taxation, there can be no question. If driven to the wall, the mutual interests of the West and South will force them to make common cause against the encroachments of New England wealth and power, through the efficacy of the lever of repudiation. That the vast paper wealth of the North, in the form of bonds and stocks, held only by the the will and through the courtesy, and, it may be truthfully said, the caprice, of the people, now stands in a position as critical and as fraught with dangers from political causes, as did the institution of slavery in 1860, there is every reason to believe. A single money crisis, similar to that of 1837, would settle the question. The scheme of fixing an enormous public debt upon the American people, and of establishing a permanent and onerous system of taxation to support it, is idle and chimerical, and utterly impracticable. In a state of prosperity, they may, without complaint, bear it, but when adversity comes they will reject it.

One of the most positive indications of the approaching tendency to repudiation, is the refusal of the people, by fraudulence and other means, to pay taxes and the enormous decline of public revenue. The fraudulence in the government revenue system, resorted to by all classes of people, and the steady and rapid decline in the amount of revenue, are now greater than in any other country. New England is not only chief manager of this debt, but is the most largely interested in its proceeds, and, by means of political sympathy, attempts to impose the burden of high tariffs and exorbitant taxation upon the West, while the South is attempted to be made a drudge of, for the same purpose, through the agency of military power and negro rule. The negro may be used for a brief period for purposes of social disorganization, but very soon he, in connection with others, will come to feel and comprehend the ruinous effects of an exacting money despotism on his personal interests, and will act in accordance with their dictates.

The rich and prosperous men of the North care not for loyalty, disloyalty or negro suffrage, as abstract principles, but only esteem them as subservient instruments of establishing the power of wealth, based upon the perpetuity of a public debt.

R. B.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

BY MUTUAL CONSENT, the copartnership of the firm of G. T. & W. C. STRONACH, is this day dissolved. All owing the late firm will come forward and promptly settle, except those by special contract.

GEO. T. STRONACH,
W. C. STRONACH.

June 30-4t.

NOTICE.

We will conduct our business at the store formerly occupied by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH where, at all times, we will serve our customers with pleasure.

June 30-tf W. C. STRONACH & CO.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,
GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,
BOWLS AND PITCHERS,
WATER PITCHERS.

Just received and for sale,

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis.

Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1868.

GO IT, TOM!

WE ARE AUTHORIZED to announce TOM PEEBLES as a Candidate for Principal Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives.

June 30-2t.

J. H. HORNER'S
Classical and Mathematical School,
OXFORD, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will open the THIRD MONDAY IN JULY.

Terms as heretofore, except that no Stage fare between Oxford and Hendgrson will be charged to Students, either coming or returning.

June 26-2w*

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,
LEXINGTON, VA.

APPLICATIONS will be received at this time for the admission of 100 ADDITIONAL CADETS into this Institution. Those entering in the Summer months enjoy peculiar advantages in the special course of discipline and instruction, by which they are prepared for the regular studies which commence Sept. 1st.

Circulars will be sent on application.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
may 13-3taw1wdcowtsept1. Supt.

OFFICE N. C. RAILROAD CO., }
COMPANY SHOPS, May 28th, 1868. }

Visitors to Commencements of Colleges and Schools on the line or within reach of the Road, will be passed to and from for one fare.

Tickets must be purchased from station Agents. Conductors collect full fare from all.

JAMES ANDERSON,
may 29-1m Superintendent.

BOOK STORES.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS'
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,
SUCCESSORS TO
Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 146 tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.

June 1-3m

R. H. COWAN & CO.,
General Commission and Shipping Merchants,
AND
WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON, } Wilmington, N. C.,
JAS. H. HILL. } *No. 32 North Water St.*

June 26, 1868-1y

For Sale,

A FEW MORE of the HILLSBORO' CANNED PEACHES

June 26-tf W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auction & Com. Merchants.

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE,
For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—3m

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,
AND
SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License sold by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,
100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as Crude Carbolic Acid, obtain in its effects for the above purposes, now for the first time made available for common use. With license under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family Soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale,		$1 25
10 do do	do	2
50 do kegs,	do	10
200 do barrels,	do	35

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling Insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 3 pound Cans at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound cans, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in wash Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying life of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of Sores, Scratches and Chafes of all kinds. 50cts per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets, $3,00

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the laundry.—Send for a descriptive pamphlet.

June 25-3m

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.
Kittrell's Springs Female College,
Granville County, N. C.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES on the 1st day of July (Wednesday).

Address by Rev. T. B. Sarg, D. D.

Concert at night, under the management of Prof. Jno. Koerber, Graduate of the Musical Conservatory, Munich.

The Sabbath previous, Sermon by Rev. H. T. Hudson.

The next Session will open on the Monday following July 6th.

During the present year, 180 pupils have matriculated. Elastic pear, 180 pupils

B. RIDDICK, Pres't.
Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

June 1-1m

Louisburg Female College,
FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (inclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

Able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

Henderson Collegiate Institute,
HENDERSON, N. C.

FRED A. FETTER, A. M., Principal.
CHARLES FETTER, A. B., Assistant.

THE FIFTH SESSION of this Institution will open on Wednesday, 1st July, 1868.

Course of study designed to prepare boys for any University, or for business.

TERMS:

Per Session of 20 weeks—half in advance, balance on the 1st September:

Tuition and Board (with the Principal,) fuel and lights included, $115,00.

Each Student is required to furnish a pair of blankets, a pair of sheets, a pair of pillow cases and his towels.

Circulars sent on application

June 16—3tawlm

Wake Forest College, N. C.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August. With the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete system given to the recent Commencement of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, the fact of its feasibility, encourages its friends to hope that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments which all Southern Colleges have been subjected to, as are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, and at some others, in consequence of the liberality of a large amount of original endowment by the State. The favorable reception with which the friends of the College meets in securing additional endowments, An expenditure of more than $40,000 of the funds recently made in improving the college building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within the reach of the largest number possible, reduced rates, seconded by the community, the lowest possible price of Board and Tuition consistent with practicable rates.

The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the past is the success attending their efforts, have for the best guarantee for the public future.

The location of the College, equated in the fulness and accessibility, (being 20 miles from the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, and 4 miles from that Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the surrounding moral and social influences connected with, enforced, prevent it, and the peculiar discipline of ordinary kind. Inducements to patronage, FREE SCHOLARSHIPS on literary merit, etc.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES introduced, with and scientific subjects has been of the young men a view to increase the interest of study, and to further in the several departments investigation and research additional incentive to

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Society, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are numeration of the advantages possessed by nature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition free of charge, and those in all the departments without means, are encouraged of this class, who to apply. The Board of Education for aged to apply for further assistance.

TERMS IN CURRENCY:

Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session) $30,00
" " Collegiate Course, " 35,00
Board per week in private families (table fare) 3,00 to 3,00
Board, per week, with lodging, those lodging in College 3,00 to 3,75
Room rent per session 3,00
Building fee, " 3,00
Servants' fee, per month, 1,50

No student is permitted to register his name until Collegiate dues are paid.

W. T. BROOKS,
June 1-wtAug15 Sec. Board of Trustees.

Thomasville Female College,
THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

Tuition $40 per month, and other charges proportionally low. FIFTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive, embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns of the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Holton Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars containing full particulars, address Rev. D. R. BRUTON,
June 24-3t.swtwlOth aug. President.

North Collins Military and Polytechnic Academy,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SECOND TERM of the Session of 1868 begins July 1st.

Cadets will be received at any time during the session.

For Circulars, containing full information, address Gen. R. E. COLSTON,
Jy 1-3taw1m Superintendent.

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY,
FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this Institution will begin on the second Monday in July, 1868.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS:

Board with the Principals, (washing, lights and towels not included,) $70 00
Tuition in Primary Department, 15 00
" Regular English Course, 20 00
" Latin, Greek and French, each, extra, 5 00

Board must be paid quarterly in advance. All accounts for Tuition are due at the close of the session, and will be promptly presented for payment.

Circulars sent on application.

M. S. DAVIS, A. M. }
W. J. KING, A. M. } Principals.

June 19-4w

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE SECOND SESSION of the School of the Rev. Dr. MASON and Mr. S. G. RYAN will commence on the 3rd of July next—the Session to consist of twenty weeks.

For instruction in the Classical Department, including the branches of English education, $30 per Session.

For English branches alone, $25 per session.

One half the Tuition money to be paid in advance.

Mr. RYAN proposes also to receive into his family, as boarders, not more than ten boys.

Board for the whole year of 12 months, $200, or $17 per month.

June 20-3taw2w

WATERING PLACES.
WARM SPRINGS,
MADISON COUNTY, N. C.
J. H. RUMBOUGH Proprietor.

THIS CELEBRATED Watering Place will be opened for the reception and accommodation of visitors on the 15th of June.

The Warm Springs are situated twenty-five miles from Greenville, Tenn. on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, at which point new and commodious four-horse Coaches will be in readiness daily to receive visitors on the arrival of the trains. The drive will be made altogether in day time.

After the 1st of August the cars will run on the Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap and Charleston Railroad from Morristown within fifteen miles of the Springs, and the distance will be shortened daily. The temperature of the water varies from 94 to 105 deg. Fahrenheit.

June 22 4t

HOT SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

James A. Neff ..... Manager.
S. C. Tardy & Co. ..... Proprietors.
J. E. Williams ..... Resident Physician.

NOW OPEN TO VISITORS.

THE HOTEL HAS BEEN RECENTLY ENLARGED, and Baths constructed. No expense or effort has been spared by the Proprietors to render this famous watering place as comfortable as possible to all visitors.

The Hot Springs here have been well known, for more than half a century, to possess, in a wonderful degree, tonic, alterative, detergent and sedative properties, and have been justly celebrated for the cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Dyspepsia of the Liver, Skin, Bladder and Womb, Paralysis, the result of injury or serous effusion, Contracted Muscles and Joints, Diarrhea and Dysentery accompanied with Sore Mouth and Tongue.

Route—From the North, via Orange and Alexandria Railroad, to Gordonsville; thence via Virginia Central Railroad to Millboro' or Covington; thence by Trotter & Co's Stage Line, over Deppe Road to Hot Springs. Distance from Millboro' 30 miles, from Covington eighteen miles.

From the South, via Richmond or Lynchburg, via Virginia Central Railroad, to Millboro' or Covington.

Rates—$3 per day; $20 per week; $75 per month.

Descriptive Pamphlets and Circulars sent by Post Office Box, 517, Richmond, Va.

Or to S. C. TARDY & CO.
J. A. McCLUNG, Manager,
Je 18-July15 Hot Springs, Va.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS,
Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $15 per week or $2 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT,
Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.
June 1-dw3m.

SWEET SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA,

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsack's Station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

Board $3 per day. June 12-4aw3

MISCELLANEOUS.
The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.
DR. LAWRENCE'S
CELEBRATED
ROSADALIS,
FOR THE CURE OF
SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,
SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED
By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds of our best citizens*, testify to its *wonderful efficacy*.

Home Certificates from Physicians

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
H. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
H. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1,50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,
BANKING,
Exchange and Collection Office,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

☞ Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.

June 26-1m*

Herrings, Cut and Gross.

THE CHEAPEST IN TOWN. No. 1 FISH. For sale by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 12 nonpareil lines, or 14 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
" " one week	2,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	3,50
Each additional square two weeks	5,00
One square one month	6,00
Each additional square one month	12,00
One square two months	8,00
Each additional "	14,00
One square three months	7,00
Each additional "	25,00
One quarter column "	40,00
One half column "	75,00
One column "	

Regular tax notice cards, 10 nonpareil lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 each or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1868.

DAILY SENTINEL FOR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The *Sentinel* will be furnished, daily, to *subscribers only for the session*, at $1 per month. Members of the General Assembly will be supplied on the same terms, at their rooms or desks. The paper cannot be afforded for less, in view of the cost of reporting. It will only be sent during the session to those who order it and pay in advance.

Our regular subscribers will continue to be furnished at former rates: $4 for six months and $8 for the year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Granite Dinner Ware, Glass Goblets, Tumblers and Wine Glasses, Bowls, Pitchers, &c.: J. Brown, (with Hart & Lewis.)

Messrs. G. T. & W. C. Stronach have dissolved co partnership. They give notice to debtors. The business will hereafter be conducted under the style of W. C. Stronach & Co.

Tom Peebles announces himself a candidate for the Principal Doorkeepership of the "House of Representatives." He threatens to *extinguish* all the other numerous candidates.

Messrs. W. B. Aston & Co., No. 25, Pearl Street, N. Y., advertise Grain and Flour Sacks. They can furnish Grain Sacks of all sizes and qualities. Cotton and Paper Flour Sacks printed to order, &c.

OFF FOR NEW YORK.—Quite a number of our citizens left, on yesterday, to attend the great National Democratic Convention, which meets in New York on Saturday.

ANOTHER ROBBERY AND HOUSEBREAKING.—On Saturday night last, the shop occupied by Mr. Williford Upchurch, on Davie street, was entered, and a quantity of bacon, lard, butter, flour, candy, &c., taken by the robbers. Mr. U. has suffered severely of late, by fire and other causes, and is now doing business for others, but objects to doing business for robbers.

These outrages are becoming very frequent, and call loudly for prompt measures to arrest them. The city is paying a heavy expense for a city watch, and yet the robbers have become so expert, that we have not heard of a single detection for some time. By some means, they so entirely evade the eye of the watch, that detection seems impossible. Cannot the thing be suppressed by a strong organized citizens' guard, until the nest of robbers in and around the city is broken up? Something must be done. No one is secure. The city watch only consists of two men in each ward—a number too small to guard the city at such times.

A FRIEND IN NEED.—The President of the Young Men's Christian Association, of this City, requests us to acknowledge the receipt of *fifty bushels* of corn, for the relief of the indigent and suffering, who have been the objects of the attention of the Association. The donation is from those enterprising and liberal merchants, Messrs. J. B. Hunter & Co., of Portsmouth, Va. We are glad, also, to announce that the Seaboard and Roanoke and Raleigh and Gaston Railroads passed the corn free of charge. This is a most timely gratuity and entitles Messrs. Hunter & Co., to the hearty thanks of our people.

ALARM GUN.—We were shown, on yesterday, an alarm gun, the invention of Mr. J. H. Separks, Superintendent of the Old North State Iron and Brass Works of this city, which is a cheap, simple instrument, and is said to be superior, in several respects, to any now in use. It can be arranged for one, two, three or four guns, as the purchaser may desire, and is a quick detective of any thief who may be prowling about. It is likely, from present indications, that the whole country will need these detectives, or one of some sort, to put a stop to the numerous robberies now being committed.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—Members of the General Assembly have been coming here by almost every train, for the last week. By this evening, it is probable that every Radical elect will be on hand. As yet, we have heard of the arrival of but few Conservative members.

RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE.—We learn that the Commencement exercises, last week, at Randolph Macon College, were highly interesting. The oration of Rev. J. Long, of this State, and of Rev. Mr. Causey, of Baltimore, were of the highest order. The Board of Trustees conferred the degree of D. D., on Rev. R. S. Moran, of the North Carolina Conference. The Trustees also resolved to move the College to Richmond, Va., if it can be legally done.

FRIVOLOUS AND MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.—Two or three days since, when there was some reason to believe that the Johnston county house-burners were lurking in this vicinity, a negro man, strongly suspected of being one of the guilty parties, was arrested by Mr. J. Q. Bryant, a citizen, who at once sent for two of the city night watch, then not on duty, and he was taken to the guard-house by the party. His confused and conflicting statements were such as to increase the suspicion of his guilt; but, upon examination before the Mayor, there was no evidence to implicate him and he was promptly discharged.

We learn that the negro has since been instigated, by certain parties among the "trooly loil," to sue *the Mayor and Commissioners* of the City for false imprisonment, in the sum of $500 damages. Such a suit is as ridiculous as it is malicious, and is simply intended to subserve party purposes, and to be used to the prejudice, among the negroes of our present City officers, in view of a probable early municipal election. It would be a curious spectacle to see even one of the Radical legal fledgelings attempting seriously to maintain such a prosecution, in any Court of Justice.

Those persons who have egged on, and are abetting, this prosecution, for sinister purposes, belong to a party that recognizes the right to drag *white* men hundreds of miles away from their families, keep them incarcerated for months, and finally discharge them, without their being informed of the charges against them. Not many days since, a *white* man was confined in jail in this city, on strong suspicion of horse-theft, but finally discharged, for lack of evidence. Why were not the tender sympathies of these "trooly loil" individuals enlisted in *his* behalf? Notmany weeks since, some of the most estimable young gentlemen of this city were restrained of their liberty, at Radical instigation, on the groundless charge of having been concerned in hanging Mr. W. W. Holden in effigy. Have *they* not greater right to sue for damages against those who caused their arrest, than this *negro* has against the Mayor and Commissioners, for the act of those who arrested *him*,—one of them a citizen, and the other two only in the employment of the city at night, whereas the arrest was made in the day-time.

Under the law of the land, any private person, as well as an officer of the law, is authorized to take up, and it is his duty to take up, an individual suspected of a felony. It is the province of the law to afford him an early opportunity of establishing his innocence. Hence, any one can see, at a glance, the vindictive *animus* of this whole transaction.

ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURES.—We frequently hear much said about Miles' best boots and shoes, as if North Carolina cannot produce a decent boot or shoe.—Philadelphia certainly produces ladies' and gentlemen's fine shoes and boots, but, if we are any judge of such matters, Raleigh can at the present time equal Philadelphia.—Messrs. Dobbin & Francis and Messrs. Watson & Ellen are producing boots and shoes that will equal any of them, in neatness, fit, and faithfulness of workmanship. Their work is as cheap, intrinsically, as the Philadelphia work. If it is not as cheap, give them enough to do, that they may afford it on equal terms. We believe the interests of our people will never be promoted, until we learn to encourage our own mechanics and producers. This is no *puff* of Messrs. Dobbin & Francis or Messrs. Watson & Ellen. What work we get them to do we pay for, but we simply intend to encourage and promote the interests of our own mechanics by stating what we believe to be strictly true.

ARRESTED.—We are glad to learn that the Johnston county house-burners, who robbed and fired the store of Messrs. Durham & Monie, some days since, have been arrested. They were captured in Fayetteville, on Friday.

THE OFFICE SEEKERS.—The City is alive with carpet-bag and scallawag office-seekers. There are two Principal Clerks and two Assistant Clerks, *perhaps* two Sergeants at-Arms and two Reporters, and also two Doorkeepers for each House, and two or three engrossing Clerks, to be chosen. The election of two Sergeants at-Arms and two Reporters would be an outrage upon the people. They are offices not known here until the carpet baggers came among us, and can only be instituted for the purpose of finding more places for the cormorant office seekers. There are not less than five to twenty, from what we hear, applicants for each of the usual offices attached to the General Assembly. If we had a list, we would publish it.

THE TREE PROBLEM.—Sergeant O'Brien, the intelligent 1st. Sergeant of Co. B, 6th. Infantry, stationed at this post, sends us the correct answer to the "Tree Problem" published in Saturday's paper. The solution involves a diagram, however, which we cannot furnish. Mr. J. H. Separks, of this City, also sends us the true answer.

CONGRESS ARMING THE NEGROES.—Surely the white men of the North will be awakened from their slumbers by the bill to arm the negroes of the South as against the whites, or, as the Radicals phrase it, the loyal against the disloyal. It would seem that there is no depth of infamy which this Congress is not determined to sound.

THE BALL IS ROLLING—A BIG BALL TOO!—We have just seen a letter from a very prominent Democrat in Illinois, who says that with a proper nomination, his State is good for the Democracy by *upwards of thirty thousand* majority, and that Indiana is good for the same.

He states also that the Radicals in those States are totally demoralized, and that they are getting worse and worse every day.

The whole letter is very enthusiastic, and coming from the source it does, it should be regarded as of great weight; for the writer is a man of such position that he has the best opportunities for accurate information.—*Norfolk Journal.*

THE BUREAU—GEN. SCHOFIELD—GEN. HOWARD.—A Washington letter in the *Sun* says:

"The President has now before him for consideration the bill to continue the Freedmen's Bureau for another year, but leaving it discretionary with the Secretary of War to terminate its operations in the States which may be admitted to congressional representation. There seems to exist no doubt that the President will veto it. In the mean time the Radicals have become fearful that General Schofield may wind up the affairs of the Bureau without due regard to their political schemes. Accordingly, without waiting for the action of the President on the bill which is in his hands, Mr. Howard has introduced another on the same subject, which carries the Bureau absolutely over until the 1st of January next, nearly two months after the Presidential election.

By this the retention of Gen. Howard as commissioner of the Bureau is secured during the whole of the coming campaign, and as he has adroitly manipulated it for the accomplishment of political ends in the past, his will and ability to do so in the future are not questioned. In addition to this, the power to discontinue the operations of the Bureau in the States which may be admitted is taken from the Secretary and conferred upon Gen. Howard. If the President sends in the other bill with his veto, it is now thought probable that this office of Mr. Howard's will be substituted for it,—There is, however, considerable opposition even among the Radicals to investing Gen. Howard with this proposed power, there being quite a large portion of that party opposed to him."

A GLOOMY PROSPECT—RADICAL FOREBODING FOR THE FUTURE OF THE PARTY.—"Agate," the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, writes that paper as follows:

"We are soon to have the Southern States re-admitted under the present reconstruction—Virginia, Texas (and probably Alabama) alone excepted. The Republican party has hitherto calculated upon great political gain from this admission. The leaders are now far less confident. It must be confessed that neither the fruits of reconstruction, nor the promises from the other States, are especially encouraging.

We have one rebel State back again—Tennessee. Before she had been fully restored her delegates to a national Convention gave us Andrew Johnson. Since, her Legislature has given us Senator Fowler and Patterson.

Yet these are men of high character, compared with those now coming up from the South. There are whole delegations to the House from large Southern States that do not contain one man as reputable in private life, or as respectable in ability and experience, as Senator Fowler. There are plenty of them for whom Senator Patterson may stand as the type. 'God only knows what we are to do with these creatures,' exclaimed one of the leading members of the Republican party, and one of its most prominent Congressmen. 'They seem to be without character at home; they have not very much hope of retaining their hold on their districts after the first election; and a good many of them are sure to go in for making the most they can out of their positions while they have them.' Perhaps the Congressman was severe in his judgment; but there is no doubt that the feeling among many of the leaders grows to be that in seeking for Republican strength at the South we have got a very large elephant of very uncertain disposition on our hands."

The negroes are down on the Radicals in Nashville, because they (the Rads) would not let them join in the decoration of Union soldiers' graves. The negroes had a meeting Monday night and resolved not to "sociate wid mean white folks, or dem totin' 'bout black carpet bags."

ONLY ME.—A mother had two children, both girls—the elder a fair child, the younger a beauty and mother's pet. The elder was neglected, while "Sweet"—the pet name of the younger—received every attention that love could bestow. One day, after a severe illness, the mother was sitting in the parlor, when she heard a childish step on the stairs, and her thoughts were instantly with the favorite.

"Is that you, Sweet?" she inquired.

"No, mamma," was the sad and touching reply, "it isn't Sweet—it's only me!"

The mother's heart smote her, and from that hour "only me" was restored to an equal place in her affections.

MARRIED:

By the Rev. J. C. Huske, in St. John's Church, Fayetteville, June 25th, Mr. RICHARD BRADLEY JEWETT, of Wilmington, and Miss SALLIE B., daughter of the late Ed. L. Winslow.

DIED:

In this city, yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, ROBERT LEE, youngest child of Mr. W. W. Woodall, aged 16 months.

The funeral will take place this (Tuesday) afternoon at 4 o'clock.

CLINTON MALE ACADEMY.

THE TRUSTEES OF THIS INSTITUTION desiring to establish permanently a School of the highest character have engaged the services of Professor B. F. GRADY and R. McLEOD, Esq., and now offer to the public a Seminary worthy of their patronage. Where the Principals are known, no words of commendation need be said in their favor. Long experience in teaching, united with those qualities indispensably requisite to the proper training of the youthful mind, render them eminently fitted for the duties of friend and instructor.

The situation is remarkably healthy; the community is universally regarded as uncommonly moral, intelligent and pleasant, and offers, therefore, many and superior inducements to parents and others, who are compelled to entrust the education of their sons or wards to others.

Any information that may be desired in regard to terms, &c., will be furnished with pleasure by either of the Teachers, or by the Trustees.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

June 27-1aw3w A. A. McKOY, Secretary.

SELLING OUT AT NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts., Raleigh, N. C.

June 26-1m

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FOREIGN.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29, M.

The China has arrived. The Japan Tycoon had surrendered Yokahoma to the Mikado, with half his private territory and his navy. As a token of humility, he left on foot for Naton. The British minister presented his credentials to Mikado, But the troubles are not over, as the Tycoon's navy deserted after the surrender.

The High Priest warns the Mikado, that he is interfering too much with temporal affairs, and unless he restrains himself, the priesthood will call on him to abdicate. Fighting continues within a few miles of Yokahoma.

The King of the Sandwich Islands threatens to hoist the British flag, if the United States disturbs his dominions.

SURRATT'S TRIAL.

WASHINGTON, June 29, M.

The trial of Surratt has been postponed to the special term on the 21st of September. The ball is continued.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 29, M.

Cotton 31½.

Turpentine 45@45½.

Gold 1,40½.

LIVERPOOL, June 29, M.

Cotton quiet and steady. Sales of 10,000 bales. Prices unchanged.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 29, P. M.

HOUSE.—A joint resolution, extending the Agricultural College Act to Arkansas, was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Cobb introduced the following:

Resolved, That the Committee of Ways and Means be instructed to report, without unnecessary delay, a bill, levying a tax of at least 10 per cent on the interest of bonds of the United States, to be assessed and collected annually by the Secretary of the Treasury, and such subordinate officers as are charged with the duty of paying interest on the bonded debt of the United States.

Price inquired if that included the bonds held in foreign countries.

Cobb replied that it did, and demanded the previous question.

Allison asked if the resolution was mandatory.

The Speaker replied affirmatively.

The House refused to second the previous question.

Washburne, of Indiana, moved to lay the resolution on the table. It was rejected—yeas 27, nays 106.

Price moved to refer the resolution to the Ways and Means Committee.

The previous question was seconded.

Banks asked what effect this vote would have.

The Speaker replied that the effect would be to refer the resolution, without instruction.

Blaine said: 'Is not the Ways and Means Committee privileged to report at any time?'

The Speaker; "It is."

Butler: "But everybody knows they will not report the resolution back, unless they are compelled to do so."

In answer to further inquiries, the speaker explained that as the previous question was not operating, if the House refused to refer the resolution, the question would recur upon its passage.

The House refused to refer the resolution—yeas 61, nays 80.

The question then recurred upon agreeing to the resolution—yeas 93, nays 54.

The Democrats, excepting Stegreaves, voted aye.

The River and Harbor bill was resumed without definite action.

Adjourned.

SENATE.—The Civil appropriation bill was resumed.

Night sessions were ordered.

Recess.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 29, P. M.

The President's family departed, for the summer, to Tennessee.

General Breckenridge is at Toronto, Canada, where he will remain some time.

The *Tribune* says, editorially, alluding to Gen. Grant's order, placing the recently elected officials in office in Louisiana: "General Grant will to-day issue an order, of the same nature, applicable to the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama."

The deficiency bill was reported in the House to-day. It appropriates five hundred and twenty thousand dollars for reconstruction purposes.

A great many delegates to the Democratic Convention are here, nearly all of whom visited the President.

THE NEW REGIME IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, June 29, P. M.

The *News* contains an abstract of the forthcoming message of the "Governor elect" Scott.

He goes in for payment of State debt, economy, education, (invoking Congressional aid) immigration, &c. Advises the Legislature to relieve every citizen of political disabilities. Advises a thorough re-organization of the militia. Hopes the Freedmen's Bureau will be terminated in the State by October, and recommends a re-modeling of the Judicial, Jail and Penitentiary systems. Will protect every citizen in his rights of person and property.

In conclusion, he hopes that an era of good feeling will be inaugurated, and that the martial valor of South Carolina, so justly renowned and signally displayed, will hereafter be exhibited in support of the common country.]

MARKETS.

WILMINGTON, June 29, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine active and firmer, 39½@40. Rosin quiet. Strained 2,05. Far 3,50—closing at 3,70.

NEW YORK, June 29, P. M.

Cotton quiet and steady. Sales of 800 bales at 31½.

Turpentine unchanged.

Rosin 3,90 to 7.

Gold stronger at 1,40½.

LIVERPOOL, June 29 P M

Cotton closed steady. Uplands 11½@11¾. Orleans 11½@11¾. Sales 10,000 bales.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES on hand I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.

The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.

June-27-tf J. W. WATSON.

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 15, 1868.

June 27-July31 W. W. VASS, Treas'r.

For Rent.

TWO GOOD ROOMS, suitable for offices, over the Book Store of WILLIAMS & LAMBETH. Apply to

June 27-2w2w A. WILLIAMS.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	
" Cape Fear	55c
" Charlotte	28
" Wadesboro	20
" Wilmington	26
" Roxboro	27
" Thomasville	60
" Graham	20
" Lexington (old)	23
" " (new)	18
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	18
" Fayetteville	4
" Washington	10
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	28
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	60
" " " (new)	13
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	20
N. C. R. R. Stock	98

We buy and sell at Market prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-208-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	
" Charlotte	98
" Clarendon	30
" Commerce	4
" Fayetteville	17
" Lexington, (old)	10
" " (new)	18
" Lexington, payable at Graham	10
" North Carolina	22
" Roxboro'	55
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	60
" Washington	26
" Yanceyville	3
" Wilmington	2
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	37½
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	37
" " " (new)	37
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.,	10
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	6
Miner's & Planter's Bank	60
May 26-135-tf	40

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	55
" Cape Fear	28½
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	17
" Roxborough	62
" Thomasville	26
" Wilmington	30
" Commerce	27½
" Fayetteville	16
" Clarendon	3
" Yanceyville	10
Miners' and Planter's Bank	4
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	3
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	40
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	27
Greensborough Mutual	60
Virginia Bank Notes, about	6
South Carolina "	25
Georgia "	20
Gold	22
Silver	20
Old Coupons	138
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	123
Old Mixes	87½
Exchange on New York	62

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
LEEF ON HOOF	17@20
" NETT	9@10
BUTTER	10@30
COTTON	25@40
CHICKENS, Spring	20@25
" Grown	15@25
CORN	25@30
COFFEE	1 80@1 50
EGGS	22½@40
FLOUR	10@25
FODDER	10@15
HERRINGS	1 50@1 75
HIDES, Green	4@6@8@10
" Dry	8c pr. lb.
HAY	15@17
LARD	$1@1 25 pr. cwt.
MEAL	22@25
MOLASSES	1 40@1 60
NAILS	8@9@6
PEAS—Stock	7½@10
" White	2 00@2 25
POTATOES—Irish	2 50@3 00
" Sweet	1 50@2 50
RAGS	1 00@1 50
SALT—Fine	4@5
" Ground	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	2 00@3 50
TALLOW	10@12
VINEGAR	100@125

REMARKS.

Cotton—Very little offering, selling at 25 cts.

BINGHAM SCHOOL.

MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

FALL TERM opens July 22nd. Address

June 20-1m. COL. WM. BINGHAM.

R. H. GRAVES' SCHOOL,

WILLIAMSBORO', N. C.

COURSE OF STUDIES: Ancient Languages and English Branches, including if desired, the higher Mathematics and Book-keeping.

TERMS:—For Tuition and Board, per session of 20 weeks, one hundred and thirty dollars in advance. Each pupil providing for himself, one pair of Sheets, one pair of Pillow-cases, washing and lights.

The Fall Session of 1868 opens on Monday, 13th of July.

June 26-s6w

WILSON SCHOOL,

Melville, Alamance County, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION commences July 16th, 1868.

Board and Tuition, $125.

Each pupil will furnish two sheets, 2 pillow-cases and 1 blanket.

For circulars, apply to the Principal.

June 24-1aw3w JNO. WILSON, Jr., Principal.

Chatham Railroad Company,

RALEIGH, June 23d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CHATHAM RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in the City of Raleigh, on Monday, July 20, 1868.

June 23-td W. W VASS, Treas. and Secy.

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co,

RALEIGH, June 23d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Raleigh, on Thursday, July 16th, 1868.

The transfer books will be closed from 1st to 20th proximo, inclusive.

June 23-td W. W. VASS, Treas. & Secy.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $9,000,000.

No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies, much is said by rival Agents, each claiming that company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in disparagement of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in its favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the OFFICIAL and SWORN statements of twenty of the largest Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York. The table shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1868.

It will be seen that the expenses of the Ætna are much lower than any other Company; and, after the average is struck, the Ætna, in 1865, saved $10.41 out of each $100 received—more than the average; in 1866, $7.17, and in 1867, $4.90. The receipts of the Ætna were, in 1865, $1,605,309; in 1866, $3,522,376, and in 1867, $5,129,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $677,902-39, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868: $120,387.64, making a grand total of $797,907 93 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success, as applied by the Hon Elihu Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company whose ratio of expense to its income is the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the Ætna is that Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

NAMES.	Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of Income. 1865.	1866.	1867.	3 Years Average.
Connecticut Mutual	$ 33 87	$ 25 98	$ 28 90	$ 29 28
Charter Oak	32 62	29 26	23 20	30 02
Equitable	37 16	30 98	26 31	31 48
Globe Mutual	33 18	35 07	32 92	33 92
Germania	49 23	47 28	41 12	45 91
Guardian Mutual	40 07	31 20	36 50	35 92
Home	35 98	37 41	34 85	36 08
Knickerbocker	42 05	42 58	35 87	40 16
Mutual Life	38 84	30 63	29 76	30 54
Mutual Benefit	31 33	32 62	27 39	30 44
Manhattan	34 80	31 50	33 23	33 18
Mass. Mutual	38 14	33 44	33 46	35 99
New England Mutual	40 31	30 55	39 44	35 53
New York Life	37 09	28 29	39 48	34 61
North American	32 01	23 49	24 71	30 73
Phœnix Mutual	37 06	30 97	29 80	30 44
Security	37 14	36 30	33 70	35 71
Union Mutual	32 06	29 98	26 96	29 66
Washington	42 20	49 40	41 77	44 45
Average of 19 Companies	37 11	33 51	31 58	33 96
The "ÆTNA"	26 70	26 32	26 68	26 50
Difference	10 41	7 19	4 90	7 04

The ÆTNA income for 1865 was $1,605,309, on which $10 41 per 100, SAVED $167,137 66
" " " 1866 " $3,522,376, " 7 19 " " 253,258 83
To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868 " $5,129,447 " 4 90 " " 251,542 90
Giving a Total Saved by the ÆTNA in 3 years of 120,386 64
$ 797,907 03

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the

Raleigh Branch Office.

June 1-tf W. H. CROW, Manager.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	
ÆTNA	
BROOKLYN	
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	$1 74
EQUITABLE	1 31
MANHATTAN	1 12
	1 05
	1 04
	1 02

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar advantages to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. RAGLEY, General Agent for North Carolina, Raleigh, N. C.

Jan. 1—124-3m

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS, LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE, General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., March 23—1868-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1868

THE OLD FOLKS

Ah! don't be sorrowful, darling,
And don't be sorrowful, pray—
Taking the year together, my dear,
There isn't more night than day.

'Tis rainy weather, my darling
Time's waves, they heavily run;
But taking the year together, my dear,
There isn't more cloud than sun.

We are old folks, now, my darling,
Our heads are growing gray
But taking the year all round, my dear,
You will always find a May.

We have had our May, my darling,
And our roses long ago;
And the time of year is coming
For the silent night of snow.

And God is God, my darling,
Of night as well as day:
And we feel and know that we can go
Wherever He leads the way.

God of the night, my darling,
Of the night of death so grim;
The gate that leads out of life, good wife,
Is the gate that leads to Him.

[From the Buenos Ayres Standard.]

THE WOMEN WARRIORS OF PARAGUAY.

Lieutenant Colonel Margaret Ferreira and Captain Anita Gill are the female officers in command at the pass of the river Tebicuari, where a force of girls and women is held under arms to dispute the passage of the river by the Allies. This is the tenor of the advices that last came down from Paraguay, and every well informed person in military matters knows that they are correct.

Brig. Gen. Eliza Lynch, with the main body of the female army, is encamped midway between the pass of the river and a small inland town. On the road to Villia Rica the right wing of her army, under the command of the mother of Capt. Herrero, has deployed slightly to the left, so as to hang on the invaders should they effect a crossing of the river, and cut up Mrs. Colonel Margaret Ferreira and her heroic girls. Relays of girls and women keep constantly arriving at the headquarters of the feminine commander-in-chief. From what we gather from letters and statements, it would seem that the guerrilla portion of the campaign—or what is termed here the "guerra de recursos"—is intrusted to the women of Paraguay, and reliable data have been received that the troops to the North, near the Tranquera Loreta, are exclusively composed of women.

As to the exact number of women under arms in Paraguay at present it is impossible to say, owing to the varied and conflicting statements. Even in the trenches around Humaita the weak arm of woman has shovelled out the earth to make a grave for the allied invaders! Female chaques have gone from point to point over the country with despatches; the steamers and vessels in the port of Asuncion have been alternately discharged and laden by the trembling hands of the women in the capital. They have toiled in the field for the last three years; they have sowed, raised and harvested the crops; they have made clothes for the soldiers from the fibres of plants; they have maintained the hospitals, cared for the wounded and sick; they have supplied the army; and now they are brought to the front, and placed in the breach to fight the whole allied army!

We, for our part, demand of the foreign Ministers to send commissioners up to Paraguay to investigate the real condition of affairs and report thereon. If, as the news goes, the Allies, in attempting to cross the Tebicuari, have to fight the girls, then the honor of Europe is at stake in at once stopping this horrible war. The Allies themselves must see the utter impossibility of carrying on hostilities upon such terms.—Supposing that it were possible the allied army could afford a regiment or a division so mercenary and so base as to fight against the poor Paraguayan women, and if in the battle the Allies were so unfortunate as to win the day, not all the wealth of Matto Grosso, not all the trophies of Paraguay, would recompense for the tarnished honor of such an ill-starred victory.

A SMART QUAKER.—Mr. K——, the Quaker president of a Pennsylvanian Railroad, during the confusion some years ago, called upon the W—— bank, with which the road kept a large regular account, and asked for an extension of part of its paper falling due in a few days. The bank president declined rather abruptly, saying in a rough tone to the functionary:

"Mr. K——, your paper must be paid at maturity; we cannot renew it."

"Very well," our Quaker friend replied, and left the Bank.

But he did not let the matter rest here. On leaving the bank, he went quickly to the depot, and telegraphed to all agents and conductors on the road to reject the W—— bank; in a few hours, the trains began to arrive, full of panic, and bringing news of the distrust of the W—— bank all along the line. Stockholders and depositors flocked to the bank quaking with panic, inquiring thus:

"What is the matter? Is the bank broke?"

A little inquiry by the officers showed that the trouble originated in the rejection of the bills on the railroad. The President seized his hat and rushed down to the Quaker's office, and came bursting in with the inquiry—

"Mr. K——, have you directed the refusal of our currency by your agents?"

"Yes," was the quiet reply.

"Why is this? It will ruin us."

"Well, friend L——, I supposed the bank was going to fail, as it could not renew a little paper for us this morning."

It is needless to say Mr. L—— renewed all the Quaker's paper, and enlarged his line of discount; while the magic wires carried all around the road the sedative message—"The W——bank is all right. Thee may take all its currency."

AN AWFUL MUDDLE.—A young gentleman by the name of Conkey, having been united in holy bonds of wedlock, sent the marriage notice, with a couplet of his own composition, to a local paper for publication, as follows:

"MARRIED. On August 1st, A. Conkey, Esq., Attorney at Law, to Miss Euphamia Wiggins.

Love is the Union of two hearts that beat in softest melody,
Time with its ravages imparts no bitter fusion to its ecstacy."

Mr. Conkey looked with much anxiety for the issue of the paper, that he might see his name in print. The typo in whose charge the notice was placed happened to be on a spree at that time, and made some wonderful blunders in setting it up, thus:

MARRIED, On August 1st, A. Donkey, Esq., Eternally at Law, to Miss Emphunia Piggins.

"Jove is an onion with two heads that belt in softest melody,
Time with its cabbages imparts no better feeding for an extray dray."

Thirty Days Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly of this State for an Act incorporating the NORTH CAROLINA LIFE ASSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY.

June 12-law1m

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A. CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—if you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES or CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,

April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

CLOTHING STORES.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,

Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,

A new lot of very superior

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,

Very desirable in warm weather,

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
Raleigh, N. C

June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS,

All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

All persons in want of such a luxury should call and supply themselves at once.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Opposite Tucker Hall.
Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUNG'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Board, per Day, $2,00.

Liberal deductions made on Board by the Month. Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished.

FARE GOOD.

June 4-1m

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$5,500,000.**

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 17-3m*

For Rent.

ELEGANT BASEMENT ROOM, for business purposes, under the Raleigh National Bank. Also a first class BUILDING, adjoining, suitable for a Banking, Insurance or Law Office.

Proposals invited for a few days at the Bank.

May 1-tf

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell. } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 21st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—

The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year	$8 00
" " six months	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
" " three months	1 00
Weekly " for one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868. 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed. I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Brass, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-155-tf Hillsboro N. C.

JORDAN'S

OIL OF BAY LEAVES.

IS THE BEST and MOST ELEGANT preparation for the hair in use.

It cures diseases of the scalp,

Prevents the hair from falling off or turning grey

Removes Dandruff.

Makes the hair soft and glossy,

And causes it to grow luxuriantly.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Toilet Articles.

Price 75c. per bottle.

Prepared by

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
June 9-tf Petersburg, Va.

GLUE.—WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a stock of Irish, Sheet and common Glue, which we will sell low.

JORDAN & CARR,
June 9-tf Druggists.

Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company will be held at their office, No. 142 Pearl street, in the City of New York, on the first Tuesday in July next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

W. H. WIGGINS,
June 1-2awtd Secretary.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right, 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage) Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents.

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents.

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1,00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Letter of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1,00.

For any other purpose, 50 cents

Probate of will or letters of administration where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1,00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1,00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100, 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or bills, does not exceed $10, 16 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance, Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Passage Tickets from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1,00.

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1,00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made may stamp it before it is used; and, if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps by which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

	Term Expires		Term Expires
MAINE.		INDIANA.	
Lot M Morrill, r	'69	T A Hendricks, d	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'73	Oliver Morton, r	'73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		ILLINOIS.	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71	Richard Yates, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73	Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
VERMONT.		MICHIGAN.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'67	Zach Chandler, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'73	Jacob M Howard, r	'71
MASSACHUSETTS.		WISCONSIN.	
Charles Sumner, r	'67	I R Doolittle, d	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'73	Timothy O Howe, r	'75
RHODE ISLAND		MINNESOTA.	
William Sprague, r	'69	Alex Ramsey r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71	Daniel S Norton, d	'74
CONNECTICUT.		IOWA.	
James Dixon d	'69	James W Grimes, r	'71
Orris S Ferry, r	'74	James Harlan, r	'73
NEW YORK.		MISSOURI.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69	John B Henderson, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'75	Charles D Drake, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.		KANSAS.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69	Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Alex G Cattell, r	'75	Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.		NEBRASKA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69	Thos W Tipton, r	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'75	John M Thayer, r	'71
DELAWARE.		NEVADA.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69	Wm M Stewart, r	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'75	James W Nye, r	'71
MARYLAND.		CALIFORNIA.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69	John Conness, r	'69
——— Hamilton, d	———	Cornelius Cole, r	'71
WEST VIRGINIA.		OREGON.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69	Jos H Williams, r	'71
Waitman T Willey, r	'75	Henry Corbett r	'73
KENTUCKY.		COLORADO.	
Mc Creery, d	———	John Evans, r	———
Garrett Davis, d	'73	Jerome B Chaffe, r	———
TENNESSEE.		*Not admitted.	
D T Patterson, d	'69		
Joseph S Fowler, r	'71	RECAPITULATION.	
OHIO.		Republicans 41. Democrats and Conservatives 10.	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69		
John Sherman, r	'73		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.		Horace Maynard, r	
John Lynch, r		William B Stokes, r	
Sidney Perhams, r		James Mullins, r	
James G Blaine, r		John Trimble, r	
John A Peters, r		Samuel M Arnell r	
Frederick A Pike, r		Isaac R Hawkins, r	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		David A Nunn, r	
Jacob H Ela, r		OHIO.	
Aaron F Stevens, r		Benjamin Eggleston, r	
Jacob Benton, r		Samuel F Cary, r	
VERMONT.		Rod O Schenck, r	
F E Woodridge, r		Wm Lawrence, r	
Luke P Poland, r		Wm Mungen, d	
W C Smith, r		Bender W Clarke, r	
MASSACHUSETTS.		Samuel Shellabarger, r	
Thomas D Eliott, r		G S Hamilton, r	
Oakes Ames, r		Ralph P Buckland, r	
Ginery Twichell, r		James M Ashley, r	
Samuel Hooper, r		John T Wilson, r	
Benjamin F Butler, r		Pailad Van Trump, d	
Nathaniel P Banks, r		George W Morgan, d	
George S Boutwell, r		Martin Walker, r	
John D Baldwin, r		Tobias A Plants, r	
Wm B Washburn, r		John A Bingham, r	
Henry L Dawes, r		Ephraim R Eckley, r	
RHODE ISLAND.		Rufus P Spaulding, r	
Thomas Jenckes, r		James A Garfield, r	
Nathan F Dixon, r		INDIANA.	
CONNECTICUT.		Wm E Niblack, d	
Richard D Hubbard, d		Michael C Kerr, d	
Julius Hotchkiss, d		Morton C Hunter, r	
H H Starkweather, r		Wm S Holman, d	
William H Barnum, d		George W Julian, r	
NEW YORK.		John Coburn, r	
Stephen Tabor, d		H D Washburn, r	
Demas Barnes, d		Godlove S Orth, r	
Wm E Robinson, d		Schuyler Colfax r	
John Fox, d		John P C Shanks, r	
John Morrisey, d		ILLINOIS	
Thomas E Stewart, d		At large—S A Logan, r	
John W Chandler, d		Norman B Judd, r	
Jas Brooks, d		John F Farnsworth, r	
Fernando Wood, d		Elihu B Washburne, r	
Wm H Robertson, r		Ahner C Harding, r	
Thomas H Van Wyck, r		Rhen C Jaggersoll, r	
John H Ketchum, r		Burton C Cook, r	
Thomas Cornell, r		H P Bromwell, r	
John V L Pruyn, d		Shelby M Cullom r	
John A Griswold, r		Lewis W Ross, d	
Orange Ferris, r		Albert G Burr, d	
Calvin T Hulburd, r		Samuel S Marshall, d	
James M Morrin, r		John Baker, r	
Wm C Fields, r		Green B Raum, r	
Addison H Laflin, r		MICHIGAN.	
Alex H Bailey, r		Fer C Beaman, r	
John C Churchill, r		Chas Upson, r	
Denis McCarthy, r		Austin Blair, r	
Theo M Pomeroy, r		Thos W Ferry, r	
Wm H Kelsey, r		H E Trowbridge, r	
Wm H Lincoln r		Jno F Driggs, r	
Hamilton Ward, r		WISCONSIN.	
Lewis Selye, r		Halbert E Paine, r	
Bart Van Horn, r		Ben F Hopkins, r	
James M Murphy, d		Amasa Cobb, r	
Henry Van Aernam, r		Chas A Eldridge, d	
NEW JERSEY.		Philetus Sawyer, r	
Wm Moore, r		C C Washburne, r	
Chas Haight, d		MINNESOTA.	
Chas Sitgreaves, d		Wm Windom, r	
John Hill, r		Ignatius Donnelly, r	
Geo A Halsey, r		IOWA.	
PENNSYLVANIA.		James F Wilson, r	
Samuel J Randall, d		Hiram Price, r	
Chas O'Neill, r		Wm B Allison r	
Leonard Myers, r		Wm Loughbridge, r	
Wm D Kelley, r		George M Dodge r	
Caleb N Taylor r		Asahel W Hubbard, r	
Ben M Boyer, d		MISSOURI.	
Jno M Bromell, r		Wm A Pile, r	
Jno L Getz, d		Chas A Newcomb, r	
Thaddeus Stevens, r		Jas R McCormick, d	
Henry L Cake, r		Jos J Gravelly, r	
David M Van Auken, d		Jas W McClurg r	
Geo W Woodward, d		Robt T Vanhorn, r	
Ulysses Mercer, r		Ben F Loan, r	
George F Miller, r		John F Benjamin, r	
A J Grossbrenner, d		George W Anderson, r	
Wm H Koontz, r		NEBRASKA.	
Daniel J Morrell, r		John Taffe, r	
Samuel F Wilson, r		NEVADA.	
Glenni W Scofield, r		Delos M Ashley, r	
Darwin A Finney, r		CALIFORNIA.	
John Covode, r		Samuel B Axtell, d	
Jas K Morehead r		Williams Higby, r	
Thomas Williams, r		James A Johnson, d	
Geo V Lawrence, r		OREGON.	
DELAWARE.		Rufus Mallory, r	
John A Nicholson, d		COLORADO.	
MARYLAND.		George M Chilcott, r	
Hiram McCullock, d		DELEGATES.	
Stevenson Archer, d		ARIZONA.	
Chas E Phelps, d		Coles Bashford, r	
Francis Thomas, r		DAKOTA.	
Frederick Stone, r		Walter A Burleigh, r	
WEST VIRGINIA.		IDAHO.	
Chester D Hubbard, r		E D Holbrook, d	
Bethuel M Kitchen, r		MONTANA.	
Daniel Polsley, r		Jas M Cavanaugh, d	
KENTUCKY.		NEW MEXICO.	
L S Trimble, d		C P Clever, d (deceased)	
John Y Brown, d		UTAH.	
John S Golladay, d		Wm D Hooper, d	
J Proctor Knott, d		WASHINGTON.	
Asa P Grover, d		Alvin Flanders, r	
Thomas L Jones, d		WYOMING.	
James B Beck, d		James S Casement, r	
George M Adams, d		RECAPITULATION.	
John D Young, d		(Without Delegates from Territories):	
KANSAS.		Republicans 145. Democrats and Conservatives, 49.	
Sidney Clarke, r			
TENNESSEE.			
Roderick R Butler, r			

*Not admitted

Courts Of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Anson County—On the second Monday in January, April, July and October

Ashe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Alexander—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Alamance—First Monday after the 4th Monday of February, May, August and November

Alleghany—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Beaufort—Third Monday in March and September

Bertie—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Bladen—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Brunswick—First Monday in March, June September and December.

Buncombe—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Burke—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Cabarrus—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Camden—Second Monday in March, June, September and November

Carteret—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Caswell—First Monday after the 4th Monday of March, June, September and December

Catawba—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Chatham—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Cherokee—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Chowan—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Perquimans—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Pasquotank—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Camden—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Currituck—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

SECOND CIRCUIT.

Duplin—Fourth Monday in March and September.

Wayne—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Green—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Lenoir—Third Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

Craven—Fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

Jones—Wednesday next after 4th Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

Onslow—Sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

Carteret—Seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

Beaufort—Eigth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Hyde—Ninth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

Wilson—Tenth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

THIRD CIRCUIT.

Martin—On the Monday before the first Monday in March and September.

Pitt—First Monday in March and September

Edgecombe—Second Monday in March and September

Nash—Third Monday in March and September

Johnston—Fourth Monday in March and September

Wake—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Franklin—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Warren—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Halifax—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Northampton—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

Granville—First Monday in March and September

Orange—Second Monday in March and September

Chatham—Third Monday in March and September

Randolph—Fourth Monday in March and September

Davidson—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Forsythe—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Stokes—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Guilford—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Rockingham—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Caswell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Person—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Alamance—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

Harnett—Monday preceding the Monday next before the last Monday in February and August

Moore—Monday before the last in February and August

Montgomery—Last Monday in February and August

Stanly—First Monday in March and September

Anson—Second Monday in March and September

Richmond—Third Monday in March and September

Robeson—Fourth Monday in March and September

Haden—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Columbus—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Brunswick—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

New Hanover—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Sampson—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Cumberland—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

Davie—Fourth Monday in February and August

Yadkin—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

Surry—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

Alleghany—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

Ashe—Fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in February and August

Wilkes—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

Alexander—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

Iredell—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

Union—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August